

PROWSE FOR COMMISSIONER

Present City Clerk Shies
Castor in The
Ring.

We are authorized to announce



CHARLES O. PROWSE.

as a candidate for City Commissioner of the City of Hopkinsville, subject to the action of the non-partisan primary election to be held Saturday August 20, 1917.

TO THE VOTERS.

To the Voters of the City of Hopkinsville, Ky:

In making my announcement as a candidate for City Commissioner, I would state that since January, 1916, I have filled the positions of auditor, book-keeper and Secretary of the Board of Commissioners, and am thoroughly conversant with every department of the city's business. I am an expert book-keeper and am competent to handle any and all departments that may fall to my lot as one of your Commissioners.

If elected, I pledge my time, attention and work to the city's business and shall take pleasure in extending to every citizen every courtesy possible. The office is non-partisan and builded upon a question of efficiency and to that end I pledge my ability, time and efforts. I need the office and will appreciate every vote cast for me.

By reason of the fact that my present duties require my constant personal attention (which, in a great measure, will prevent a personal canvass,) the pleasure of talking to you personally may be denied me; therefore I earnestly request that you consider my appeal, willingness, ability and pledge to do my full duty, and give me your vote in the primary and general election, which vote, I assure you, will be appreciated more than I can express.

Respectfully,

C. O. PROWSE.

FOR MAYOR OF HOPKINSVILLE

Dr. Frank H. Bassett Announces, Subject to Special Primary in October.

We are authorized to announce



DR. FRANK H. BASSETT.

as a candidate for Mayor of the City of Hopkinsville, under the commission form of government, subject to the action of the special primary election to be held Saturday, October 20.

United We Stand.

Lord Robert Cecil announced Monday that an Allied conference would be held before a reply could be made to the Pope's peace proposal.

INSURING OUR FIGHTING MEN.

The plan of Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo for life and indemnity insurance for the soldiers and sailors of the United States, after discussions by representative insurance men and report on by advisory committees, has been put in definite form and submitted to President Wilson.

The President's comment was as follows:

"I have examined the enclosed papers very carefully and take pleasure in returning them with my entire approval."

A bill has been introduced in Congress along the lines suggested by the Secretary of the Treasury and approved by the President.

In essentials it is proposed that the government furnish at cost to the soldiers and sailors of the United States life and indemnity insurance.

The main features of the Secretary's plan are that the government shall bear all the cost of the administration of the insurance plan and that no expense of any kind shall be a charge on the funds created by the payment of premiums by the soldiers and sailors. Relieved of over-head charges, eight dollars a year for every thousand dollars insurance will be an adequate charge, under the plan, and this figure will put the maximum insurance of ten thousand dollars within the reach of practically every private soldier or sailor. Insurance in private companies would cost many times this sum for men actually engaged in warfare.

After the war the insurance may be converted into other forms. The insurance is to be payable in installments, non-assignable and free from the claims of creditors of the insured or of the beneficiary, and is limited to the wife, children, and other specified kindred.

If total disability results or disease is contracted in the course of service, the compensation is to be based on percentage of pay, with a minimum, however, of from forty to seventy-five dollars a month according to the size of the family. Partial disabilities are to be computed on a basis of percentages of total disability.

Medical, surgical and hospital treatments, supplies and appliances are to be given. Rehabilitation and re-education of the injured soldiers or sailors, fitting them for lives of activity and usefulness is part of the plan.

The plan also contemplates free allowances to the families of soldiers and sailors the government supplementing the sums set aside by the soldiers and sailors out of their wages.

The insurance is not to be a gift of the government but is to be paid out of the pay of the insured men. The government, however, is to take upon itself the cost of collecting and administering the funds and also the extra hazard caused by the war, the rate of eight dollars per thousand being a normal rate in peace time and an entirely inadequate rate for war risk.

The workmen's compensation laws and the experiences of insurance companies in this country and the laws and experiences of other countries have been studied and used in the preparation of this bill.

Secretary McAdoo emphasizes the justice and rightfulness of such a function of the government by citing the fact that in this war we are not relying upon the volunteer system but are drafting American men and compelling them to undergo danger and, if necessary, make the supreme sacrifice for their country. A higher obligation, he says, therefore rests upon the government not only towards the fighting men but towards those dependent on them and a just, generous and humane government should see to it that so far as is practicable they should be given this protection, not as a matter of mercy or charity, but as a matter of right. And that they should enter into the service of their country with the certain knowledge that if death or misfortune comes to them, they and their dependents are protected by insurance afforded them by their government as part of the compensation for the service they are rendering the country.

In conclusion Secretary McAdoo points out that while this plan may call for considerable expenditures at present, yet the eventual cost to the government of this plan will be very much less than that which would result from the adherence to the present pension program of the country, and, further, that the pension system will not provide the same benefits nor cover the subject in the same com-

prehensive, humane and equitable way.

There is no use to which the funds derived from the sale of Liberty Loan Bonds can be put which will be more cordially approved by the people of the country than to provide this just and deserved protection to the men who are braving all the dangers of this war on land and sea in the service of their country.

Tipperary Parody.

"It's a long way to Mississippi,
It's a long way to go
It's a long way to old Camp Shelby,
To the sweetest camp we know.
Goodby, Coliseum, farewell, Hopkinsville.
It's a long, long way to Mississippi,
But get there, we will."

The Economy Loaf.

The war bread loaf has made its appearance in Evansville. It will be slightly darker in color than the present white loaf and will weigh twenty-two ounces, retailing at 10 cents. It will be known as the "Economy Loaf." Mr. W. P. Walsh stated that pending shipments of the 85 per cent. flour, which contains more of the wheat shell than the 70 per cent. grade now in use, the latter will be used. The loaves will not be wrapped, this saving of \$3.50 to \$4 per thousand wrappers will be added to the measure on the loaf for the public's benefit.—Evansville Courier.

Two Lose Lives.

Two United States aviators were burned to death while testing smoke bombs at Buffalo Monday.

HOME OF Champions



Champion Red Duroc Sow.

ASHBROOK DUROC SALE

On Farm 1 Mile West of Pembroke, Ky.

FRIDAY, AUG. 24TH, 1917

This offering will be made of 30 bred sows, 5 open Gilts and 10 Boars which will include many of the most outstanding show prospects that ever went to a sale ring.

Sows in sale bred to Cherry Tip, the boar of national fame. His get have immense size, massive bone, unusual feeding qualities. If you want boars and sows that will win in the hottest company, arrange to attend this sale.

ASHBROOK DUROC FARM.

JOHN H. WILLIAMS, Manager, Pembroke, Ky.

AUCTIONEERS: IGLEHEART AND HENDST

Soldiers in School.

Miss Ora Smith, teacher at Needmore, has 18 pupils at her moonlight school. Eleven of them are under the conscript law and are learning how to read and write before they become soldiers in khaki. If anybody doubts the good of the campaign waged to banish illiteracy from the ranks of the soldiers, let them follow the reports in The Times from the various schools from time to time. Some may not realize it, but a great work is being done by the Barren county teachers to banish illiteracy from our midst and from the ranks of the soldiers-to-be.—Glasgow Times.

Louisville Doctor Wounded

Dr. Ap Morgan Vance, Jr., of Louisville, has been wounded while serving in the war "somewhere in France," and is now in London. Dr. Vance is a first lieutenant in the first medical corps sent to France to represent the United States government.

Dr. Vance has two brothers in service, Capt. Preston Vance, of the First Kentucky, who was sent recently to Kansas to assist in mustering in the Kansas National Guard, and Houston Vance, who is a member of a New York regiment.

Million for Kentucky.

Despite hardships in the form of scarcity of labor and fertilizer, the winter wheat crops in Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Ohio and Wisconsin are expected to show the increase counted upon by the Government. Kentucky is looked for to 1,000,000 acres of wheat.

Sugar Men Promise.

New York, Aug. 22.—The country's sugar industry was pledged here to supply the requirements of the army and navy during 1917 and 1918, estimated at 100,000 tons of sugar per annum, at a price to be fixed by the food administration, by a committee appointed from representatives of sugar refiners, beet sugar producers and planters from Cuba and elsewhere.

Another Delay.

Washington, Aug. 22.—Mobilization of the second increment of draft troops is changed from September 15 to September 19, and the third increment from September 30 to October 3. Mobilization of the first increment will be as previously announced, September 5. The postponements are said to be due to delays in the local boards in getting their quotas ready for service.

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Schrams rank as the best possible in Jars.

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W. T. Cooper & Co.